A STUDY ON SALES & ADVERTISING – AIRTEL

¹Mr.S.MD. JAFFAR SADEEK, ²VAISHNAVI BAI BONDELA

¹Assistant Professor, ²MBA Student Department of MBA SVR Engineering College, NANDYAL

ABSTRACT

A sale is completed by the seller or the provider of the goods or services to an acquisition or appropriation or request followed by the passing of title (property or ownership) in the item and the application and due settlement of a price, the douche of or any claim upon the item. The purchaser, though a party to the sale, does not execute the sale, only the seller does that. To be precise the sale completes prior to the payment and gives rise to the obligation of payment. If the seller completes the first two above stages (consent and passing ownership) of the sale prior to settlement of the price, the sale is still valid and gives rise to an obligation to pay

Advertising is a form of communication intended to persuade an audience (viewers, readers or listeners) to take some action. It includes the name of a product or service and how that product or service could benefit the consumer, to persuade potential customers to purchase or to consume that particular brand. Modern advertising developed with the rise of mass production in the late 19th and early 20th centuries.

Commercial advertisers often seek to generate increased consumption of their products or services through branding, which involves the repetition of an image or product name in an effort to associate related qualities with the brand in the minds of consumers. Different types of media can be used to deliver these messages, including traditional media such as newspapers, magazines, television, radio, outdoor or direct

mail; or new media such as websites and text messages. Advertising may be placed by an advertising agency on behalf of a company or other organization.

Non-commercial advertisers that spend money to advertise items other than a consumer product or service include political parties, interest groups, religious organizations and governmental agencies. Nonprofit organizations may rely on free modes of persuasion, such as a public service announcement.

I. INTRODUCTION

SALES PROMOTIONAL ACTIVITIES

Promotion is true that products are manufactured to satisfy the needs of the consumers.. But alone is not enough. Today the responsibility of the manufacturers does not cease with physical production whatever may be the nature of the product. The present day marketers are consumer oriented where it is the duty of the manufacturers to know from where, when, how and what price the products would be available. Successful marketing consists in offering the right product of the right price of the right place (and time) with right promotion.

In course of time, various activities came into vogue designed particularly to help easy sale of goods. These activities commonly known as promotional Mix. The marketing communication Mix also called as the "Promotion Mix" consists of four major tools.

- 1. Advertising.
- 2. Sales Promotion
- 3. Publicity
- 4. Personal Selling

MARKETING COMMUNICATION **PROCESS**:

Generally marketing communication is undertaken to pass on the message of a product or sale to the ultimate consumers. Thus, there are three elements in this process.

IMPORTANCE OF ADVERTISING:

The purpose of advertising motivating but to sell something a product, a service or an AIRTEL. The real objective of advertising is effective communication between producers and consumers. In other words the ultimate purpose all advertising is "Increased awareness" list of the following specific objectives of advertising.

- To make on immediate AIRTEL
- To build primary demand
- To introduce a price deal
- To inform about a products availability
- To increase market share
- product among retailers
- To increase the frequency use of a product.
- To build overall company image

To build brand recognition

NEED FOR THE STUDY

Consumer satisfaction is the most important objective for any manufacturing concern to successfully market its products. Airtel has from gradually and would want to take a stock of the satisfaction level of consumers and define areas where possible improvement may be made. The research work has been therefore selected in this area.

The company which produces products doesn't give life to sustain in competition without sales of products. So sales are important function of the manufacturing company to get

profits. Through sales only wealth maximization if possible.

Advertising are also one of the important functions in marketing. Through Advertising only one company can sell its products. Here the distribution channels contain the dealers. Who are very near to the customers and act as middlemen between the organizations. So there is a need to study sales and distribute on strategies.

Advertising system includes Advertising channels. Which are sets of independent organizations involves in the process of making a product (or) a service available for the consumption. Advertising network is necessary for smooth flow of goods.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

The study aims to measure satisfaction level of the dealers regarding Bharti Airtel Limited. The area within which the study was conducted regarding the information the primary data is collected in the form of questionnaire To help salesman by building on awareness of allected from the dealers in Rangareddy district. To sum up the project had within the scope of the study in the area "EFFECTIVENESS **SALES** of and Advertising" of Bharti Airtel Limited in Rangareddy district for a particular time period.

II. **OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY**

- ✓ To know the customer opinion about tariff rates of Airtel (Sales).
- ✓ To know the brand loyalty of Airtel.
- ✓ To know the influencing factors of Airtel (Service of Airtel).
- ✓ To know the market share of the Airtel.
- ✓ To know the sources of awareness for the customers.
- To know the customer satisfaction on network of Airtel.

- ✓ To know the satisfaction on Services Provided by Airtel.
- ✓ To know the satisfaction of customers on Recharge and Top up cards when compare to other competitors.

III. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

One of the important tools for conducting marketing researching is the availability of necessary and useful data. Data collection is more of an than science the methods of marketing research are in a way the methods of data collection. The sources of information fall under two categories.

Internal sources:

Every company has to keep certain records such as accounts, records, reports, etc., these records provide sample information which can organizations usually keeps collecting in its working.

External sources:

When internal records are insufficient and required information is not available, the organizations will have to depend on external sources. The external sources of data are:

Primary data:

Primary data are data gathered for a specific purpose or for a specific research report.

For systematically collecting the data the closed end questionnaire is used. The questionnaire consists of questions relating to various aspects of the study for proper data collection the questionnaire is divided into 2 sections. Both the sections are meant for the respondent only.

Secondary data:

Secondary data are data that are collected for another purpose and already exist somewhere. Data pertaining to company

is collected from company web site company catalogues and magazines. The company profile gives a detailed report of history various products manufacture by its etc.

METHOD OF RESEARCH SURVEY METHOD:

A survey is a complete operation, which requires some technical knowledge survey methods are mostly personal in character. Surveys are best suited forgetting primary data. The researcher obtains information from the respondents by interviewing them.

SAMPLING:

It is not always necessary to collect data from whole universe. A small representative sample may serve the purpose. A sample means a small group should be emanative cross section and really "representative" in character. This selection process is called sampling.

SAMPLE SIZE:

Samples are devices for learning about large masses by observing a few individuals. The selected sample is 100.

Sampling plan:

- 1. SAMPLING UNIT -The business people, professionals are survived
- 2. SAMPLING PROCEDURE Stratified random sampling method is chosen.

The data collected from both the primary and secondary sources is tabulated and presented in a systematic from prior to classification and interpretation.

METHOD OF SAMPLING

RANDOM SAMPLING METHOD

The method adopted here is random sampling method. A random sample is one

where each item in the universe has as equal chance of known opportunity of being selected.

RESEARCH INSTRUMENT QUESTIONNAIRE:

A Questionnaire is carefully completed logical sequence of question directed to a define objective. It is the out line of what information is required and the framework on which the data is built upon. Questionnaire is son commonly used in securing market information that its preparation deserves utmost skill and care.

FORMS OF QUESTIONS

OPEN ENDED QUESTIONS:

They are descriptive in nature. Respondents are allowed to answer in their own words. Such questions buying the actual opinion of the respondent r

Regarding a product.

CLOSED ENDED OUESTIONS:

They are not descriptive in nature. They will be given certain choices and the respondents have to choose choice among them. They make analysis easy but sometimes they restrict the respondents' choices.

LIMITATIONS

- 1. Time is the main limitation for the study, as project was restricted only for 45 days.
- 2. The methods used in this project are random sampling methods and results obtained may not be accurately fully accurate and believable.
- 3. The research has been centered to only one hundred Customers of Airtel, rather than innumerable

Customers dealing with different products of different brands across the globe.

- 4. The analysis is purely based on closed ended questions and due their deliberate manipulation, important information may be lost and even barriers of communication would cause a limitation.
- 5. The whole project research was confined to only customers of Airtel
- 6. The research was done with the help of employees of the organization for some of the dealers and their barriers of communication or way to represent the topic would differ and actual information would be lost.
- 7. The dealers responded during the surve y were possessing primary education and their views would not be able to provide the required information.

IV. IMPORTANCE OF ADVERTISING:

The purpose of advertising is motivating but to sell something a product, a service or an AIRTEL. The real objective of advertising is effective communication between producers and consumers. In other words the ultimate purpose all advertising is "Increased awareness" list of the following specific objectives of advertising.

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To build overall company image To build brand recognition

PERSONAL SELLING

The process of selling is ensured by selling supposed personal by advertising and sales promotion. Of these three methods personal selling occupies the predominant role mainly because of the personal element involves. It may be described as a personal source rendered to the community in connection with marketing of goods. It is a marketing process with which consumers are personally persuaded to by goods and services offered by a manufacturer. The most powerful element in the promotional mix is salesman ship, is not something very new. Even centuraries ago salesman ship was practiced in Greece and Rome. According to Peter Drucker Cyrus Mecornie was the first man to use modern technique of selling.

Features:

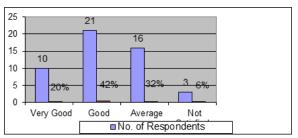
- 1. It helps to establish a cordial and obiding relationship between the organization and its customers.
- 2. It is a creative art. It creats wants a new.
- 3. It is a science, in the sense that "One human mind influences another human mind".
- 4. Personal selling imparts knowledge and technical assistance to the consumers.

V. DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

The following table indicates the level of satisfaction of consumers towards the purchase of AIRTEL.

Attributes	No. of Respondents	Percentage
Very Good	10	20%
Good	21	42%
Average	16	32%
Not Satisfied	3	6%
Total	50	100%

THE FLOATING GRAPH REPRESENTING SERVICES OF AIRTEL TO THE CONSUMERS

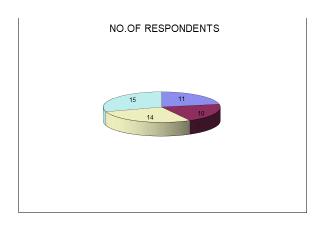


Type of Promotional Activity towards To Purchasing Airtel

FACTORS	NO.OF RESPONDENTS	PERCENTAGE
Advertisement	11	22%
Publicity	10	20%
Sales Promotion	14	28%
Word of Mouth	15	30%
TOTAL	50	100%

As per my survey, the above table reflects that advertisements 11 (22%), publicity 10 (20%), sales promotion 14 (28%), word of mouth 15 (30%) are the factors influencing to purchase of AIRTEL.

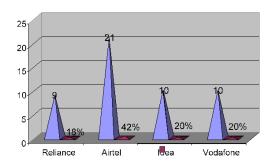
Blue Pie Graph representing influencing factors to purchase of AIRTEL



The Connection that Most Prefer By Advertisements

Attributes	No. of Respondents	Percentage
Reliance	9	18%
Airtel	21	42%
Idea	10	20%
Vodafone	10	20%
Total	50	100%

THE FLOATING GRAPH REPRESENTING THE CONNECTION THAT MOST PREFER BY ADVERTISEMENTS



VI. CONCLUSION

I, from project conclude that promotion of any service can be successfully executed by creating awareness through word of mouth and by maintaining the service according to Advertising and Sales Promotional Activities.

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